SOLUTION TO DOG PROBLEM WITHIN REACH WITH ANIMAL BALANCE

Animal Protection Society Press Release

(APS Facebook Profile)

A team of animal welfare specialist from the overseas-based group <u>Animal Balance</u> has just completed a fact-finding visit to Samoa, in the hope of helping to solve Samoa's dog problem. The founder of Animal Balance, Emma Clifford, was joined by vets <u>Dr. Byron Maas</u> and Dr. Larry Rickman on their three day visit, which also included a similar trip to American Samoa.

The Animal Protection Society, who hosted the group during their visit, has been liaising with Emma for over 12 months to make this visit possible. Both the APS and Animal Balance believe that the solution to Samoa's dog problem is multi-factorial, but supports desexing as a method of population control rather than culling, with culling alone being shown to be an ineffective means of population control in many countries around the world. Mass-desexing, along with community education and a government-run registration program have been successful in solving similar dog problems in the other two island countries where Animal Balance has worked, the <u>Galapagos Islands</u> and the <u>Dominican Republic</u>.

As part of their three day visit, the APS and Animal Balance teams, joined by three local volunteers, a visiting volunteer vet Hannah O'Connell and her partner Adrian from the UK, and two boys from the Coral Reef Academy, visited Faito'o-tai to conduct a free desexing clinic. The whole group was offered a traditional welcome by the village council, including an ava ceremony, before commencing a long but successful day's work. Over the day, the team of 5 vets and 8 assistants managed to desex a total of 34 animals, including 29 dogs and 5 cats. All the dogs that were desexed were also given free treatments for fleas, ticks and worms, with all owners also receiving a brochure on how to care for their dog.

The people of Fasio'-tai were extremely appreciative of the visit, keeping the tam well fed and hydrated throughout the day, and offering the APS many thanks and a small donation for their services. A'anama'aitu Pasikale, a matai from Fasito'o-tai who helped to organize this visit, was very happy to have the APS visit his visit his village and hoped to work with the APS to have repeat visits in the future.

The cost of the visit was funded by NZaid, who are the major sponsor of APS, and have offered several thousand tala worth of sponsorship to help fund other visits like this one. The APS plans to conduct about 10 village desexing clinics, throughout Upolu and Savai'i over the next 3 months, all of which will be funded by NZaid. Their next village visit is already scheduled to take place on Thursday, January 22nd in Tofitoala, and they are currently liaising with se4veral other villages across the country to organize more visits.

While in Samoa, the team from Animal Balance also held meetings with representatives from APS, MNRE and STA to discuss a solution to Samoa's dog problem. All parties saw the collaboration finally appearing to be within reach. Over the coming weeks to months, Animal Balance will continue to liaise with APS and the Samoan Government, with the aim of conducting a campaign here later this year.

Such campaign would likely involve 15-20 volunteers visiting Samoa for a two-week period, curing which they would desex hundreds of animals, provide community education, train local personnel in areas such as dog catching and surgery, and help to implement a dog registration program.

If such a visit were successful, Animal Balance envision conducting r3epeat campaigns her in Samoa every 6-12 months, to continue to work on the dog problem. While it will take several visits from Animal Balance before a large improvement in the dog problem is likely to be seen, evidence from their other overseas campaigns shows that solving the problem by this method is possible. Animal Balance is very keen to help Samoa, but they said that there was not quick-fix to the dog problem, and for this project to be successful, it would require the ongoing co-operation and support of not only Samoan Governments and APS, but also the entire Samoan community.